## **CLAIMS**

What is claimed is:

- 1. An integrated circuit die comprising:
- 5 a copper contact;
  - a coating on the copper contact, the coating including a material formed from a reaction of an organic material with copper oxide.
  - 2. The integrated circuit die of claim 1 wherein the coating is formed by exposing the copper contact to a solution that includes the organic material.
- The integrated circuit of claim 2 wherein the solution has a pH level of at least 7.
  - 4. The integrated circuit of claim 3 wherein the solution has a pH level of at least 7.5.
  - 5. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the organic material includes molecules having nitrogen-hydrogen bonds.
- 15 6. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the organic material includes benzotriazole.
  - 7. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the organic material includes at least one of tolyltriazole, imidazoles, benzoimidazoles, polyaniline, and polyimidazoles.
- 8. The integrated circuit die of claim 1 further comprising:
  a plurality of interconnect layers including a final copper interconnect layer;
  an insulating layer overlying the interconnect layers;
  wherein the copper contact is located in the final copper layer and is accessible by an opening in the insulating layer.

- 9. The integrated circuit die of claim 8 wherein the coating is located in the opening in the insulating layer.
  - 10. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the copper contact is a wire bond pad.
- The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the coating has a thermal resistance of 100 C or greater.
  - 12. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the coating has a thickness of 150 Angstrom or less.
  - 13. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the coating has a thickness in the range of 20-50 Angstroms.
- 10 14. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the coating has a thickness of 50 Angstroms or less.
  - 15. An integrated circuit package including the integrated circuit die of claim 1 and further comprising:
    - a package substrate, the integrated circuit die attached to the packaged substrate; a wire connected to the copper contact and connected to a contact of the package substrate.
      - 16. A method for making an integrated circuit, the method comprising: forming a coating on a copper contact of an integrated circuit die by exposing the copper contact to a solution having a pH level of 7 or greater and including an organic material.
    - 17. The method of claim 16 further comprising: bonding a wire to the copper contact after the forming.

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- 18. The method of claim 17 wherein the bonding the wire to the copper contact is performed at 100 C or above.
- 19. The method of claim 17 further comprising: plasma cleaning an exposed surface of the coating after the forming the coating and prior to the bonding the wire.
  - 20. The method of claim 17 wherein the bonding removes at least a portion of the coating layer directly underneath the wire.
    - 21. The method of claim 16 wherein the solution has a pH level of 7.5 or greater.
- The method of claim 16 further comprising:
  pretreating the copper contact with an acid prior to the forming the coating.

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- 23. The method of claim 16 wherein the organic material is reactive with copper oxide, wherein the coating includes a material formed from the reaction of the organic material with copper oxide.
- 24. The method of claim 23 wherein the organic material includes molecules having nitrogen-hydrogen bonds.
  - 25. The method of claim 23 wherein the organic material includes benzotriazole.
  - 26. The method of claim 23 wherein the organic material includes at least one of tolyltriazole, imidazoles, benzoimidazoles, polyaniline, and polyimidazoles.
- The method of claim 16 wherein the forming the coating further includes:
   dipping a wafer including the integrated circuit die into the solution for at least 5 minutes.
  - 28. Method for making an integrated circuit, the method comprising: forming a coating on a copper contact;

plasma cleaning an exposed surface of the coating after the forming the coating; bonding a wire to the copper contact after the plasma cleaning.

- 29. The method of claim 28 wherein the plasma cleaning further includes subjecting the exposed surface of the coating to a gas mixture including at least one of argon and helium.
- 5 30. The method of claim 28 wherein the bonding the wire to the copper contact is performed at 100 C or above.
  - 31. The method of claim 28 wherein the bonding removes at least a portion of the coating layer directly underneath the wire.
- 32. The method of claim 28 wherein the solution includes an organic material that is reactive with copper oxide, wherein the coating includes a material formed from the reaction of the organic material with copper oxide.
  - 33. The method of claim 32 wherein the organic material includes molecules having nitrogen-hydrogen bonds.
    - 34. The method of claim 32 wherein the organic material includes benzotriazole.
- 15 35. The method of claim 32 wherein the organic material includes at least one of tolyltriazole, imidazoles, benzoimidazoles, polyaniline, and polyimidazoles.
  - 36. The method of claim 28 further comprising: singulating a die including the copper contact from a wafer after the forming the coating and before the plasma etching.
- The method of claim 28 wherein the copper contact is a wire bond pad.
  - 38. The method of claim 28 further comprising: pretreating the copper contact with an acid prior to the forming the coating.

39. An integrated circuit die comprising:

a plurality of copper bond pads;

a coating on each of the plurality of copper bond pads, the coating formed from exposing the copper bond pads to a solution that includes an organic material, the organic material includes molecules having nitrogen hydrogen bonds, the coating includes a material formed from a reaction of the organic material with copper oxide, the coating has a thickness of 150 angstroms or less.

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